

Suggested Pearson Edexcel grading conversions for admission to Indian Universities

Qualifications are graded using either raw marks (Linear qualifications e.g. International GCSE, GCSE, GCE AS and GCE Level) or converted raw marks to Uniform Mark Scale (Unit/Modular based qualifications e.g. International Advanced Subsidiary/International Advanced Level)

The tables below show the equivalency for each qualification type for the purpose of admission to higher education institutions in India.

International GCSE/GCSE (9-1)

Following the UK government reform of these qualifications in 2015, the previous A* to G grading was changed to a 9-1 scale, with 9 being the highest grade.

9-1 Grading	GPE Mark Range	GPE Mid-Point
9	94-100	97
8	87-93	90
7	80-86	83
6	74-79	77
5	67-73	70
4	60-66	63
3	50-59	55
2	40-49	45
1	30-39	35
U	Ungraded	

*Applicable to both Modular and Linear International GCSE

International Advanced Subsidiary (IAS)/ International Advanced Level (IAL)

These qualifications are unit/modular based and graded using the Uniform Mark Scale (UMS)

IAS Grading	GPE Mark Range	GPE Mid-Point	IAL	GPE Mark Range	GPE Mid-Point
			A*	90-100	95
A	80-100	90	A	80-89	85
B	70-79	75	B	70-79	75
C	60-69	65	C	60-69	65
D	50-59	55	D	50-59	55
E	40-49	45	E	40-49	45
U	Ungraded		U	Ungraded	

GCE AS/GCE A Level qualifications follow the same grading pattern as IAS and IAL.

Grade Percentage Equivalent (GPE) Mark Range corresponds to the grades awarded and provides additional information about students' performance which can be referred to as percentage equivalent of the learner. This should be used by higher education institutions in India for admission purposes.

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